

Investment Strategy Statement



INVESTMENT STRATEGY STATEMENT

INTRODUCTION

The Lincolnshire Pension Fund (“the Fund”), which is administered by Lincolnshire County Council (“the Administering Authority”), is required to maintain an Investment Strategy Statement (“ISS”) in accordance with Regulation 7 of the Local Government Pension Fund (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016.

The Administering Authority has delegated all its functions as administering authority to the Pensions Committee (“the Committee”). The ISS has been agreed by the Committee having taken advice from the Investment Consultant and Pension Fund Manager.

The ISS, which was last approved by the Committee on 19th July 2018, is subject to periodic review at least every three years and without delay after any significant change in investment policy. The Committee has consulted on the contents of the Fund’s investment strategy with such persons it considers appropriate.

The Fund is also required to maintain a Funding Strategy Statements (“FSS”) in accordance with Regulation 58 of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 (as amended). The FSS, which was last approved by the Pensions Committee on 19th July 2018, complies with these Regulations.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The primary objective of the Fund is to provide pension benefits for members on their retirement and/or benefits on death, before or after retirement, for their dependents, on a defined benefits basis.

The Committee aims to fund the benefits in such a manner that, in normal market conditions, all accrued benefits are fully covered by the value of the Fund’s assets and that an appropriate level of contributions is agreed by the employers to meet the cost of future benefits accruing. For employee members, benefits will be based on service completed and final salary (pre 1 April 2014) and/or the accumulation of individual years built up through the career average pension scheme (post 1 April 2014) and will take account of future inflation increases. This funding position will be reviewed at each triennial actuarial valuation, or more frequently as required.

Investment of money in a wide variety of investments

It is the Pensions Committee’s policy to invest the assets of the Lincolnshire Pension Fund to spread the risk by ensuring a reasonable balance between different categories of investments. The Pensions Committee takes a long term approach to investment and invests in asset classes and individual investments that are expected to generate an attractive risk-adjusted return for the Pension Fund.

The Fund may invest in a wide range of investments including quoted and unquoted assets in Equities, Fixed Income, Property and Alternatives, either directly or through pooled investments. The Fund may also make use of derivatives, either directly or in

pooled investments, for the purpose of efficient portfolio management or to hedge specific risks.

The Fund's strategic asset allocation is set out below. The table also includes the ranges within which the asset allocation may vary without reference to the Pensions Committee, and the maximum percentage of total Fund value that can be invested in these asset classes. The asset allocation is consistent with the Committee's views on the appropriate balance between generating a satisfactory long-term return on investments, whilst taking account of market risk and the nature of the Fund's liabilities.

Asset class	Strategic allocation	Range	Maximum
Equities	60%	+/- 6%	66%
UK equities	20%	+/- 2%	22%
Global equities	40%	+/- 5.5%	45.5%
Alternatives	15%	+/- 1.5%	16.5%
Property	9%	+/- 1.5%	10.5%
Infrastructure	2.5%	+/- 1.5%	4%
Fixed Income	13.5%	+/- 1.5%	15%
Cash	0%	+/- 0.5%	0.5%

The Regulations do not permit more than 5% of the Fund's value to be invested in entities which are connected with that authority within the meaning of section 212 of the Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007(e). The investment policy of the Fund does not permit any employer-related investment, other than is necessary to meet the regulatory requirements with regards to pooling.

The Pensions Committee believes that the Fund's portfolio is adequately diversified, and has taken professional advice to this effect from their investment consultant and independent advisor.

The strategic asset allocation includes ranges for each asset class within which the asset allocation can vary. In the event that any asset class range is breached, the Pensions Committee will be informed and the Fund's officers will endeavour to bring the asset allocation back within the range within an appropriate period of time.

The Pensions Committee reviews the suitability of the asset allocation of the Fund on a quarterly basis, following advice from the officers, investment consultant and independent advisor.

It is intended that the Fund's investment strategy will be reviewed at least every three years, following the latest actuarial valuation of the Fund. The investment strategy takes due account of the maturity profile of the Fund and the current funding position.



The Pensions Committee has set the following benchmark against which performance of the Fund will be measured:

Asset class	Benchmark
Equities	
UK Equities	FTSE All Share
Global Equities (ex UK)	MSCI World ex UK Index
Global Equities	MSCI All Countries World Index
Bonds	
UK Gilts Over 5 Years	FTSE UK Gilts Index-Linked Over 5 Years Index
Corporate Bonds	iBoxx £ Non-Gilts Index
All Stocks UK Gilt Index Fund	FTSE UK Gilts Index-Linked All Stocks Index
Corporate Bonds up to 5 Years	iBoxx Sterling Non-Gilts 1-5 Year Index
Property	
Property Venture	7% Per Annum
Property Unit Trusts	UK IPD Monthly Index
Infrastructure	6% Per Annum
Alternatives	LIBOR 3 Months + 4%

The suitability of particular investments and types of investments

The actuarial valuation, at 31 March 2016, was prepared on the basis of an expected real return on assets of 1.8% over the long term, a nominal return of 4.0% assuming inflation (CPI) to be 2.2%. The Pensions Committee has set the investment objective of producing a long term return of 0.75% p.a above the strategic benchmark.

In order to monitor the investment objective, the Pensions Committee requires the provision of detailed performance measurement of the Fund's investments. This is provided by the Fund's custodian on a quarterly basis. In addition, the Pensions Committee conducts a formal annual performance review of overall fund performance.

The approach to risk

The Committee is aware that the Fund has a need to take risk to help it achieve its funding objectives. It has an active risk management programme in place that aims to help it identify the risks being taken and put in place processes to manage, measure, monitor and (where possible) mitigate the risks being taken. One of the Committee's overarching beliefs is to only take as much investment risk as is necessary.

The principal risks affecting the Fund are set out below:



Risk	Description	Mitigants
Market	Value of an investment decreases as a result of changing market conditions.	Strategic asset allocation, with suitable diversification and appropriate ranges, determined on a triennial basis. The Committee has put in place rebalancing arrangements to ensure the Funds actual allocation does not deviate substantially from its target.
Performance	The Fund's investment managers fail to deliver returns in line with the underlying asset classes.	Analysis of market performance and investment managers' performance relative to their index benchmark on a quarterly basis. Investment Managers present to the Committee on an annual basis.
Valuation	Valuations disclosed in the financial statements, particularly for unquoted investments, are not reflective of the value that could be achieved on disposal.	The valuation of investments is derived using a conservative valuation methodology and, where applicable, market observable data.
Liquidity	The Fund is not able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due or can do so only at an excessive cost.	The Fund maintains sufficient liquid funds at all times to ensure that it can meet its financial obligations.
Interest rate	A change in interest rates will result in a change in the valuation of the Fund's assets and liabilities.	The Fund regularly monitors its exposure to interest rates, and may consider hedging where appropriate.
Foreign exchange	An adverse movement in foreign exchange rates will impact on the value of the Fund's investments.	The Fund regularly monitors its foreign exchange exposure.
Demographic	Changes, such as increased longevity or ill-health retirement, will increase the value of the Fund's liabilities.	Demographic assumptions are conservative, regularly monitored, and reviewed on a triennial basis.
Regulatory	Changes to regulations and guidance may increase the cost of administering the Fund	The Fund ensures that it is aware of any actual or potential changes to



	or increase the value of the Fund's liabilities.	regulations and guidance and will participate in consultations where appropriate.
Governance	The administering authority is unaware of changes to the Fund's membership which increases the value of its liabilities.	The Fund regularly monitors membership information and communicates with employers.

Approach to pooling investments

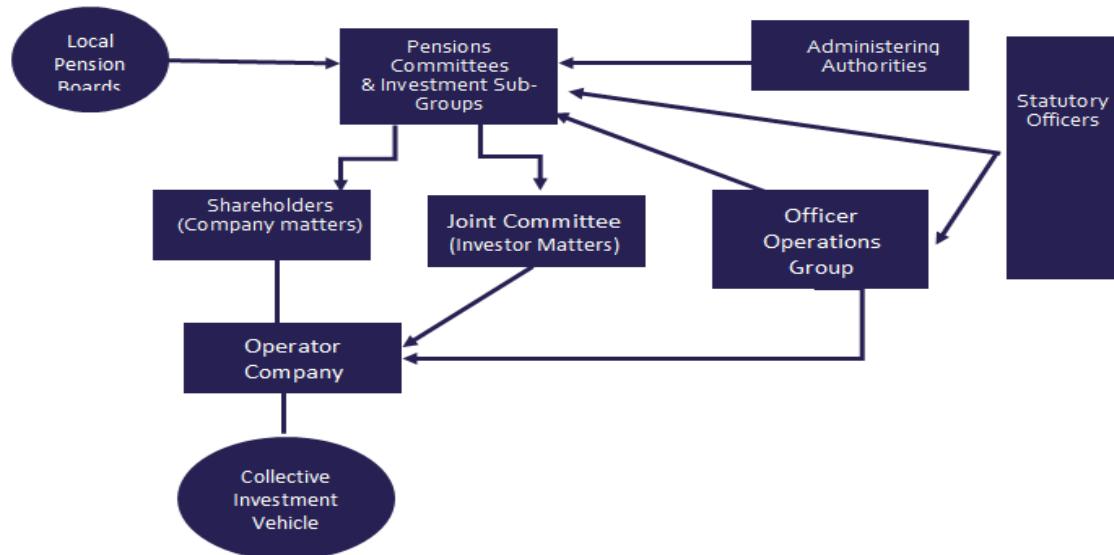
In order to satisfy the requirements of the “Local Government Pension Scheme: Investment Reform and Guidance” issued by the Department for Communities and Local Government (“DCLG”) in November 2015, the Pension Fund has elected to become a shareholder in Border to Coast Pensions Partnership Limited (Border to Coast). Border to Coast is a FCA-regulated Operator and Alternative Investment Fund Manager (“AIFM”).

Border to Coast is a partnership of the administering authorities of the following LGPS Funds:

- Bedfordshire Pension Fund
- Cumbria Pension Fund
- Durham Pension Fund
- East Riding Pension Fund
- Lincolnshire Pension Fund
- North Yorkshire Pension Fund
- Northumberland Pension Fund
- South Yorkshire Pension Fund
- Surrey Pension Fund
- Teesside Pension Fund
- Tyne and Wear Pension Fund
- Warwickshire Pension Fund

The partner Funds submitted their proposal to Government on 15th July 2016 and have received written confirmation from the Minister to confirm that the proposal meets the criteria laid down in the guidance issued in November 2015.

The governance structure of Border to Coast is as follows:



The Fund will hold Border to Coast to account through the following mechanisms:

- A representative on the Shareholder Board, with equal voting rights, who will provide oversight and control of the corporate operations of Border to Coast.
- A representative on the Joint Committee who will monitor and oversee the investment operations of Border to Coast.
- Officer support to the above representatives from the Officer Operations Group and the Statutory Officer Group.

The Pension Fund will retain the decision making powers regarding asset allocation and will delegate the investment management function to Border to Coast.

It is anticipated that a significant proportion of the Fund's investments will be made through Border to Coast. Where it is not practical or cost effective for assets to be transferred into the pool, they will continue to be managed at the Fund level. This is expected to predominantly include legacy unquoted investments such as limited partnerships. Whilst these assets are unlikely to be transferred, it is expected that once these investments mature the proceeds will be reinvested into Border to Coast. At the current time it is estimated that c. 66% of the Fund's assets will be invested in Border to Coast subject to it having suitable management arrangements in place.

The Fund will perform an annual review of assets that are determined to be held outside to ensure that it continues to demonstrate value for money. Following this review it will submit a report on the progress of asset transfers to the Scheme Advisory Board, in line with the guidance.

Approach to environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) factors

The Fund considers itself to be a responsible investor and take ESG matters very seriously and monitors investment managers' approach to ESG.

All of the Fund's investment managers consider that ESG factors can have a material impact on an investments financial return. As a result, ESG factors are fully incorporated into their respective investment processes.

The Fund's external Investment Managers also consider the impact of climate change risks and opportunities in the investment process to engage with companies in which they invest to ensure that they are minimising the risks and maximising the opportunities presented by climate change and climate policy. External investment managers are required to report quarterly on their engagement activity.

The Fund does not hold any investments that it deems to be social investments.

The Fund will take non-financial considerations into account when making investments, but not where it is considered to have a detrimental financial impact.

The Fund has not excluded any investments on purely non-financial considerations and will continue to invest in accordance with the Regulations in this regard.

The Fund has published its Responsible Investment Policy and Voting Guidelines on the shared website at www.wypf.org.uk.

It is considered that the Pensions Committee represents the views of the Fund membership and, in addition, the views of the Local Pension Board will be taken into account as part of their review of this document.

The exercise of rights attaching to investments (including voting rights)

Lincolnshire Pension Fund is fully committed to responsible investment (RI) to improve the long term value for shareholders. The Fund believes that well governed companies produce better and more sustainable returns than poorly governed companies. The Fund also believe that asset owners, either directly (where resources allow) or through their external managers and membership of collaborative shareholder engagement groups (such as LAPFF), could influence the Board/Directors of underperforming companies to improve the management and financial performance of those companies.

As global investors, the Fund expects the principles of good stewardship to apply globally, whilst recognising the need for local market considerations in its application. Reflecting on this the Fund has summarised its compliance with the UK Stewardship code and principles relating to good stewardship below.

Principle 1 – Institutional investors should publicly disclose their policy on how they will discharge their stewardship responsibilities.

The Lincolnshire Pension Fund takes its responsibilities as a shareholder seriously, and has a Responsible Investment Policy that is aligned with our asset pool, Border to Coast. This can be found on the Pension Fund's shared website at <http://www.wypf.org.uk/Member/Publications/PolicyStatements/Lincolnshire/PolicySt>



[atements_Lincoln_Index.aspx](#). It seeks to adhere to the Stewardship Code where possible, and expects its appointed asset managers to do so too. Resources do not currently allow for a dedicated role to oversee LPF's RI responsibilities at a Fund level, however the asset pooling arrangements currently being implemented will enable a more active role in the future.

In practice the Fund applies the Code in two ways; through arrangements with its asset managers and through membership of the Local Authority Pension Fund Forum, a collaborative shareholder engagement group for Local Authority Pension Funds. Through these channels, LPF seeks to improve long term share performance through investment in better governed companies, therefore improving the funding level of the LPF and reducing the cost to stakeholders in the Local Government Pension Scheme.

As part of the manager appointment process, the Fund selects managers who show how their stewardship responsibilities are built in as an integral part of their investment process. Managers are asked to include information on stewardship and engagement activity in their quarterly reports to LPF, so that activity can be monitored. The Fund has regular meetings with its external managers where their stewardship activities are on the agenda. This assists the Fund in understanding the impact of any such activities undertaken and ensures that they are aligned with the engagement work done by LAPFF.

The Fund reports quarterly to the Pensions Committee on the engagement work undertaken by LAPFF and an officer regularly attends the LAPFF meetings. The Fund also attends the LAPFF Annual Conference to ensure a full understanding and input into the work programme of LAPFF.

Voting is carried out at by the external fund managers, who are expected to vote in line with best practice. Managers report detail of voting undertaken quarterly to officers, and the Fund reports quarterly to the Pensions Committee in summary on all voting activity undertaken.

Principle 2 - Institutional investors should have a robust policy on managing conflicts of interest in relation to stewardship and this policy should be publicly disclosed.

The Fund expects the asset managers it employs to have effective policies addressing potential conflicts of interest, and that these are all publically available on their respective websites. These are discussed prior to the appointment of a manager, and reviewed as part of the standard manager monitoring process.

In respect of conflicts of interest within the Fund, Pensions Committee and the Pension Board review the Pension Fund Code of Conduct and Conflicts of Interest Policy annually and all members are required to sign an annual declaration form in line with the published policy. The policy can be found on the shared LPF website at www.wypf.org.uk. In addition, Committee members are required to make declarations of interest prior to committee meetings which are documented in the minutes of each meeting and available on the Council's website at www.lincolnshire.gov.uk.

Principle 3 - Institutional investors should monitor their investee companies.

As investors we own a portion of the companies we invest in. With working through our external managers and LAPFF we can use our rights as owners to encourage companies to act more responsibly and improve their practices. All our managers are required to consider how environmental, social and governance factors might impact companies sustainability, and therefore their long term share performance.

Day-to-day responsibility for managing our externally managed equity holdings is delegated to our appointed asset managers, and the Fund expects them to monitor their investee companies and engage where necessary. Managers are asked to include information on stewardship and engagement activity in their quarterly reports to LPF, so that activity and impact can be monitored. The Fund has regular meetings with its external managers where their stewardship activities are on the agenda. This assists the Fund in understanding the impact and effectiveness of any such activities undertaken and ensures that they are aligned with the engagement work done by LAPFF. Reports on the Funds voting and engagement activity through LAPFF are received by the Pensions Committee on a quarterly basis.

Resources do not currently allow for a dedicated role to monitor investee companies at a Fund level, however the asset pooling arrangements currently being implemented will enable a more active role in the future.

Principle 4 - Institutional investors should establish clear guidelines on when and how they will escalate their activities.

As highlighted above, responsibility for day-to-day interaction with companies is delegated to the Fund's asset managers, including the escalation of engagement when necessary. Their guidelines for such activities are expected to be disclosed in their own statement of adherence to the Stewardship Code. We review each manager's policy on engagement and escalation prior to appointment and we review their engagement activity during regular review meetings with them, and support it when required. Escalation routes across our managers involve meetings with company management, meetings with Non-Executive Directors, collaborating with other institutional shareholders, submitting resolutions at general meetings and in the most extreme instances divestment of shares. The outcome of any engagement is reported to the Fund through the normal reporting routine.

On occasion, the Fund may itself choose to escalate activity through its participation in the Local Authority Pension Fund Forum. The areas where escalation might occur would be aligned with the LAPFF work programme. Fund involvement would be by either co-signing a shareholder resolution or publically supporting a shareholder resolution. This would happen following a request from LAPFF explaining the engagement activity taken so far and the reasons why a shareholder resolution is required. The Fund had an agreed process for this internally which requires a paper taken to our Pensions Committee (time allowing) or through delegation to the Council's Executive Director of Finance and Public Protection in consultation with the Chair and Vice Chair of the Pensions Committee to agree. Examples of escalation activity from LAPFF that the Fund has supported are shown below:

- Supporting the Human Rights Capital shareholder resolution at Sports Direct
- Part of the 'Aiming for A' investor coalition – successfully co-filing at BP, Shell, Anglo American, Rio Tinto and Glencore on strategic resilience resolutions
- Supported shareholder resolutions at National Express on workplace rights

The Fund monitors and participates in shareholder litigation through its contracts with IPS (Institutional Protection Services) and US law firm Labaton Sucharow. In addition, supplementary monitoring is provided by BLBG.

Principle 5 - Institutional investors should be willing to act collectively with other investors where appropriate.

The Fund seeks to work collaboratively with other institutional shareholders in order to maximise the influence that it can have on individual companies. The Fund achieves this through membership of the Local Authority Pension Fund Forum, which engages with companies over environmental, social and governance issues on behalf of its members.

The LAPFF agree planned work programmes each year which are discussed and approved at LAPFF meetings. This plan sets out the engagement areas for activity for the coming year. Lincolnshire Pensions Team Accounting, Investment and Governance Manager Claire Machej is the named representative responsible for attending these meetings and actively participates in any discussions and setting of the work programme. She raises any concerns that the Fund may have and feeds back to the Pensions Committee on a quarterly basis.

The asset pooling arrangements with Border to Coast currently being implemented will enable additional collaborative working.

The contact for any potential collective action with the Fund is the Pension Fund Manager, Jo Ray, at jo.ray@lincolnshire.gov.uk.

Principle 6 - Institutional investors should have a clear policy on voting and disclosure of voting activity.

Responsibility for the exercise of voting rights is delegated to the Fund's appointed asset managers. The Fund has a Corporate Governance Voting Guidelines and Voting Guidelines policy that can be found on the Pension Fund's shared website at http://www.wypf.org.uk/Member/Publications/PolicyStatements/Lincolnshire/PolicyStatements_Lincoln_Index.aspx. This is aligned to the Border to Coast policy.

The quarterly reports presented to the Pensions Committee include high level voting activity and are available on the Council's website, alongside all committee reports.

The Fund participates in stock lending through its Custodian. Stock is not recalled ahead of company meetings to allow voting on the holdings participating in the stock lending programme, due to the restricted resources within the internal team.

Principle 7 - Institutional investors should report periodically on their stewardship and voting activities.

The Fund reports quarterly to the Pensions Committee on stewardship activity through a specific section on voting undertaken each quarter, in the Fund Update. This includes details of engagement activity undertaken through the Local Authority Pension Fund Forum. On an annual basis the Fund includes a section on Stewardship Responsibilities in its Annual Report and Accounts, detailing voting activity and highlighting the key engagements over the year through its membership of LAPFF. These are available on the Council's website.

Data to produce these reports is taken from the Fund's external managers, and from reports produced by LAPFF.

Compliance and monitoring

The investment managers are required to adhere to the principles set out in this Investment Strategy Statement. The Pensions Committee will require an annual written statement from the investment managers that they have adhered to the principles set out in this statement.

The Investment Strategy Statement of the Lincolnshire Pension Fund will be reviewed by the Pensions Committee at least every 3 years and more regularly if considered appropriate or amendments are required.

Approved by Lincolnshire Pension Committee xxxxxxxx